





BULLETIN

27 JUL 60

Selected news items primarily on the Sino-Soviet Bloc from latest available foreign press



Prepared by

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POLITICAL

RETURNED OVERSEAS CHINESE ASSUME LEADERSHIP -- Peiping, Jen-min Jih-pao, 10 Jul 60, p 7

CPYRGHT

Many returned Overseas Chinese and their dependents are assuming leadership in the industrial, communication, and trade and finance organs of the government, in cultural, educational, and health units, and in urban and rural people's communes. According to statistics, the Overseas Chinese in Fukien have 17 deputies in the Fukien People's Congress, 43 deputies in municipal people's congresses, 12 persons serving as mayors, vice-mayors, and hsien magistrates in Foochow, Amoy, Ch'uan-chou, Chin-chiang, Nan-an, T'ung-an, Fu-ch'ing, Min-ch'ing, Ch'ang-lo, Yung-ting, and Lung-yen, and many plant managers, general managers, commune directors, and large corps directors. In the Yu-chi People's Commune in Fu-ch'ing Hsien alone, 131 former Overseas Chinese are serving as directors or deputy directors of large and middle corps.

CHINESE ARTICLE IDENTIFIES REVISIONISTS IN THE ARTS -- Peiping, Wen-i Pao, No 8, 26 Apr 60, pp 1-16

CPYRGHT

The following persons have committed revisionist offenses: Pa Jen (Wang Jen-shu), Ch'ien Ku-jung, Li Ho-lin, Wu Tsu-kuang, and Ch'in Chao-yang. Their offenses include humanism, abstract humanitarianism, equation of thought with reality and the arts, and opposition to party leadership of the arts. -- Ch'-len Chun-jui, deputy director, Staff Office for Culture and Education

FINLAND-USSR SOCIETY FINANCES

[Comment: State funds subsidize Finnish cultural and educational organizations, and since the Finland-USSR Society is considered a cultural organization, it is qualified to receive state aid to promote its activities. The following two articles present interesting viewpoints regarding the society's financial situation, with the first article expressing the Communist need for more state subsidies, and the second, from a usually reliable independent newspaper, inferring that the society spends its funds in ways other than those intended and receives more than adequate money for its strictly cultural endeavors.]

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The annual report of the Finland-USSR Society, which was released recently shows that its financial position is still relatively weak. State aid should be increased, and a further attempt should be made to develop new sources of income. However, this past year, the income and expense statement of the society, which shows a net income of over 100,000 marks, is 500,000 marks more than the income and expense statement for the previous year. The society's activity during the past year has been relatively intensive; the district and basic organizations arranged 8,414 events during the year, and, among other things, society theaters presented over 2,700 movies. (Helsinki, Kansan Uutiset, 17 Jun 60)

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The recent annual report of the Finland - USSR Society disclosed that it owns 67 movie projectors, 584 film strips, 16 automobiles, and has 21 full-time functionaries employed in its central organization. The society's publications, the Finnish-language SNS Lehti and the Swedish-language Kontakt, have a combined circulation of about 12,000. According to the annual report, these publications are almost supported by their advertisements and circulations. In 1959, the state granted 8 million marks in its regular budget and 5 million marks more in a supplementary budget to the Society for use in other activities Possibly 388,000 marks were used for travel expenses of Soviet musicians in Finland, and 132,000 marks could have been used from the Shostakovich Fund for sending Finnish records and music scores to the USSR. The Shostakovich Fund was created in 1958, when Composer Shostakovich granted funds to the society from the 7-million-mark Sibelius prize which he was swarded by the Wiburi Fund. (Helsinki, Helsingin Sanomat, 17 Jun 60)

SOCIOLOGICAL

INNER MONGOLIA ESTABLISHES NEW HIGHER EDUCATION INSTITUTES -- Peiping, Kuang-ming Jih-pao, 8 Jul 60, p 2

CPYRGHT

Thirteen higher educational institutes, including the physical education, geology, mining, electric power, industrial, and agricultural teacher's normal institutes and the Hu-ho-hao-te University have been established in 1960 in Inner Mongolia. Some 18 higher educational institutes, including the Inner Mongolia University, the Teacher's Normal Institute, the Veterinary Institute, and the Engineering Institute, are being expanded. These 18 established higher educational institutes will add 64 scientific schools and specialized courses to their curriculum. When the new school term begins, the Inner Mongolia Autonomous Region will have 31 full-day higher educational institutes.

ECONOMIC

HARVEST THREATENED BY LAG IN ROSTOV HARVESTING MACHINERY PRODUCTION -- Moscow, Pravda, 3 Jul 60

The harvest has already started in the South of the USSR and will soon spread to other parts of the country, but more than 2,000 unfinished combines are now occupying a 7-hectare area on the grounds of the Rostov Rostsel'mash Plant, and about 1,000 such machines are standing undelivered on the grounds of the Taganrog Combine Plant because they lack such essential components as reapers, shockers, and belt drives.

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During the first quarter of 1960, the Rostsel'mash Plant easily produced 3,200 combines per month, but during the second quarter, with the plant's annual assignment increased by 4,300 machines (including an additional 2,650 for the second quarter alone), the plant fell behind schedule, and the lag is increasing daily. The same situation obtains at the Taganrog Combine Plant.

As a result of administrative irresponsibility, the plants have produced only about 1,000 of the 3,150 reapers scheduled for the first 6 months of the year, and this in face of the termination of reaper production at the Zaparozh'ye Kommunar Plant. Hundreds of machines are now standing idle for lack of belt drives because Gosplan RSFSR ordered them from enterprises which no longer produce them.

RAILWAY BUREAU IN CHINA SETS UP OVER 278 SHOPS -- Peiping, Kung-jen Jih-pao, 10 Jul 60, p 2

CPYRGHT

The Shen-yung Railway Bureau set up over 278 shops within 5 months. There were formerly only 37 poorly equipped shops. The new shops, which will service the railway system better, are divided into iron smelting shops, parts shops, loading equipment shops, and cement making plants, etc.

SCIENTIFIC AND TECHNICAL

AZERBAYDZHAN ACADEMY OF SCIENCES ACQUIRES CONVERTED NAVAL VESSEL -- Moscow, Pravda, 9 Jul 60 p 4

CPYRGHT

A small minesweeper of the Caspian Flotilla has been acquired by the Academy of Sciences Azerbaydzhan SSR. The ship, stripped of all military equipment, has been completely overhauled and outfitted with new navigation instruments. It will be manned by sailors of the Armed Forces who have been discharged into the reserves and who have decided to remain on this vessel. They will work with scientists of the Institute of Geography of the republic Academy of Sciences.

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The ship's shallow draught enables it to operate in offshore waters which is very important in prospecting for oil and gas-bearing strata under the Caspian Sea bottom.

SOVIETS ISSUE NEW CHEMISTRY JOURNAL -- Moscow, Kinetika i Kataliz, Vol 1, No 1, May/Jun 60

The following is an FDD comment.

The Academy of Sciences USSR has published the first issue of a new journal on chemistry, Kinetika i Kataliz (Kinetics and Catlysis), containing 175 pages, including a table of contents in Russian and English and having an announced circulation of 1,200 copies. The first issue features 16 technical articles, each beginning with a Russian abstract and furnishing the author's institutional affiliation above the bibliography which concludes each article; a two-page editor's preface; and a six-page news section. Although the first issue is dated May/June 1960, the journal is advertised as a quarterly.

The new publication, one of a series of five such listed as "journals of the Siberian Branch of the Academy of Sciences USSR," is to serve it says, as a vehicle for original theoretical and experimental works on the kinetics of chemical conversions in the gas, liquid, and solid phases, investigation of intermediate active particles (radicals, ions), combustion, homogeneous and heterogeneous catalysis, catalyst selection criteria, structure of catalysts, catalytic processes of practical importance, the influence of mass and heat transfer on the kinetics of chemical conversion, and methods of calculating and modeling chemical reactors. Serious attention will be devoted to elucidation of methods of investigating the mechanism and kinetics of chemical reactions and the structure and properties of catalysts. The work of leading non-Soviet scientists will be presented alongside Soviet work, while letters, bibliographies, conference reports, etc. will also be carried.

USSR PRODUCES NEW AGRICULTURAL ANTIBIOTIC -- Moscow, Sel'skaya Zhizn', 12 Jul 60

CPYRGHT

The Kurgan Medical Preparations Plant has started the production of phytobacteriomycin, a new antibiotic to combat bacterial disease in α cotton.

C-O-N-F-I-D-E-N-T-I-A-L

COMMITTEE FOR TECHNICAL PROBLEMS ORGANIZED IN POLAND -- Warsaw, Przeglad Techniczny, Vol LXXXI, No 24, 15 Jun 60, p 19

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A Committee for Technical Problems has been organized in Poland to consolidate a rapid drive for technical progress, especially in backward areas. The committee will include several functional departments: Planning, Coordination, Scientific-Technical Information, and Control. The Control Department will allow the committee to control and execute Council of Ministers resolutions involving the complex problems related to technical development. The committee will be assisted by specialists representing scientific, design-construction, production, and other organizations in working out concrete plans. Methods of cooperation between the committee and the Polish Academy of Sciences, the Planning Commission, industrial branches, and other interested organizations will be arranged.

Prof Dr D. Smolenski has been named committee chairman; Master Engr I. Czerwinski, deputy chairman; and Master Engr T. Dryzek, secretary. Presidium members are Prof Dr I. Malecki, director of the Institute of Basic Problems, Polish Academy of Sciences; Master Engr J. Niedzwiedzki, deputy director of the Economic Department of the Central Committee of the PZPR (Polish United Workers Party); and Master Engr A Wang, deputy chairman of the Planning Commission, Council of Ministers.

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